MSC IT 1st

Computer Fundamentals & Programming in 'C'

Introduction to Computers: Computer hardware Components, Disk Storage, memory, keyboard, mouse, printers, monitors, CD etc., and their functions, Comparison Based analysis of various hardware components.

Basic Operating System Concepts: MS-DOS, WINDOWS, Functional knowledge of these operating systems. Introduction to Basic Commands of DOS, Managing File and Directories in various operating Systems, Introduction to internet, Basic terms related with Internet, TCP/IP.

Programming in C: History, Introduction to C Programming Languages, Structure of C programs, compilation and execution of C programms. Debugging Techniques, Data Types and Sizes, Declaration of variables, Modifiers, Identifiers and keywords, Symbolic constants, Storage classes (automatic, external, register and static), Enumerations, command line parameters, Macros, The C Preprocessor

Operators: Unary operators, Arithmetic & logical operators, Bit wise operators, Assignment operators and expressions, Conditional expressions, precedence and order of evaluation. Control Statements: if-else, switch, break, continue, the comma operator, go to statement.Loops: for, while, do-while.

Functions: built-in and user-defined, function declaration, definition and function call, parameter passing: call by value, call by reference, recursive functions, multifile programs.

Arrays: Linear arrays, multidimensional arrays, Passing arrays to functions, Arrays and strings.

Structure and Union: Definition and differences, self-referential structure. And address of (&) operator, pointer to pointer, Dynamic Momory Allocation, calloc and malloc functions, array of pointers, function of pointers, structures and pointers.

Mathematical Foundation of Computers Science

Relation: Type and compositions of relations, Pictorial representation of relations, Equivalence relations, Partial ordering relation.

Function: Types, Composition of function, Recursively defined function.

Mathematical Induction: Piano's axioms, Mathematical Induction, Discrete Numeric Functions and Generating functions, Simple Recurrence relation with constant coefficients, Linear recurrence relation without constant coefficients, Asymptotic Behaviour of functions

Algebric Structures: Properties, Semi group, monoid, Group, Abelian group, properties of group, Subgroup, Cyclic group, Cosets, Permutation groups, Homomorphism, Isomorphism and Automorphism of groups.

Prepositional Logic: Preposition, First order logic, Basic logical operations, Tautologies, Contradictions, Algebra of Proposition, Logical implication, Logical equivalence, Normal forms, Inference Theory, Predicates and quantifiers, Posets, Hasse Diagram.

Digital Electronics & Computer System Architecture

Representation of information & Basic Building Blocks: Introduction to Computer, Computer hardware generation, Number System: Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal, Character Codes (BCD), ASCII, EBCDIC and their conversion. Logic gates, Boolean Algebra, K-map simplification, Half Adder, Full Adder, Subtractor, Decoder, Encoders, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Carry look ahead adder, Combinational logic Design, Flip-Flops, Registers, Counters (Synchronous and asynchronous), ALU, Micro-operation. ALU-chip, Faster Algorithm and Implementation (multiplication & Division).

Basic Organization: Operational flow chart (Fetch, Execute, Instruction Cycle), Organization of Central Processing Unit, Hardwired & micro programmed control unit, Single Organization, General Register Organization, Stack Organization, Addressing modes, Instruction formats, data transfer & Manipulation, I/O Organization, Bus Architecture, Programming Registers.

Memory Organization: Memory hierarchy, Main memory (RAM/ROM) chips), Auxiliary memory, Associative memory, Cache memory, Virtual memory, Memory Management Hardware, hit/miss ratio, magnetic disk and its performance, magnetic Tape etc.

I/O Organization: Peripheral devices, I/O interface, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt, Direct Memory Access, Input-Output Processor, and Serial Communication. I/O Controllers, Asynchronous data transfer, Strobe Control, Handshaking.

Accounting and Financial Management

Accounting: Principles, Concepts and conventions, double entry system of accounting, Ledger posting and Trial balance. Final Accounts: Trading, profit and loss accounts and balance sheet of sole proprietary concern with normal closing entries. Introduction to manufacturing account of partnership firms, limited company.

Financial Management: Meaning, role and scope of financial Management. Basic Financial Concepts: Time value of Money, present value, future value of a series of cash flows, annuity, Practical applications of compounding and present value techniques. Long-term source of finance: Introduction to shares, debenture, preference shares.

Capital Budgeting: Meaning, importance, difficulties, Introduction to evaluation techniques - Traditional techniques (ARR Payback method). Discounting cash flow techniques (Present value, NPV, IRR) Ratio Analysis: Meaning, advantages, limitations of ratio analysis, Types of ratios and their usefulness.

Costing: Nature, importance and Types of cost Marginal costing: Nature, scope and importance of marginal costing. Break-even analysis, its uses and limitations, construction of break-even charts. Practical applications of marginal costing. Inventory Control System: The need cost of inventory, methods of inventory costing.

Introduction to Computerized Accounting System: Coding logic and codes required, master files, transaction files, introduction to documents used for data collection. Processing of different files and outputs obtained.

Structured System Analysis and Design

System Concepts and Information System Environment: The System Concept, Definition, Characteristics of Systems, Elements of a System, Open and Closed and closed system, Formal & Information Systems, Computer based Information Systems, Management Information System, Decision Support System, General Business Knowledge, and Interpersonal Communicational System.

The System Development Life Cycle: Recognition of needs, Impetus for System Change, Feasibility Study, Analysis, Design, Implementation, Post implementation & Maintenance.

The Role of the Systems Analyst: Historical Perspective, Academic & Personal Qualifications, the multifaceted role of the Analyst, The Analyst/User Interface, Behavioral issues.

Systems Planning & Initial Investigation: Strategies for Determining Information Requirement, Problem Definition & Project initiation, Background Analysis, Fact Analysis, Review of Written Documents, Onsite Observations, Interviews & Questionnaires, Fact Analysis, Performance Analysis, Efficiency Analysis, Service Analysis.

Information Gathering: Kind of Information needed. Information about the firms, Information gathering tools, the art of Interviewing, Arranging the Interview, Guides to Successful Interview, Types of Interviews and Questionnaires, The Structured and Unstructured Alternatives.

The Tools of Structured Analysis: The Dataflow Diagram (DFD), Data Dictionary, Decision Trees and Structured English.

Feasibility Study: System performance, Economic Feasibility, Technical Feasibility, Behavioral Feasibility, Steps in Feasibility Analysis.

Input/Output and Forms Design: Input Design, CRT Screen Design, Output Design, Requirements form